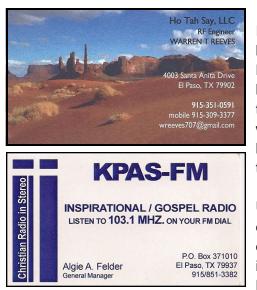


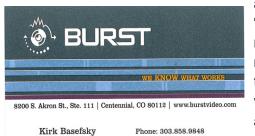
**UKRAINE'S INTERNET** КТЅМ-ТV The besieged country's complex internet infrastructure has evolved to promote resiliency AS RUSSIAN TANKS rolled into Internet shutdowns, as a rule, are Ukraine on the morning of February 24, enacted by governments with the ability the internet shuddered—and for some, to order internet service providers (ISPs) to disconnect, throttle, or restrict access stopped completely. Major Ukrainian internet service provider Triolan had to the internet. Staging a shutdown as an been temporarily knocked out, in a external attacker is much harder to pull blackout that mostly affected the off. Russia could try aiming its DDoS or northeastern Kharkiv region-a target of other cyberattacks at the border routers the Russian invasion. Even as the that connect an ISP's network to the network came back online the following global internet, says Doug Madory, day, smaller disruptions plaqued it director of internet analysis at internet throughout the week, according to data measurement company Kentik, but an from the Internet Outage Detection and attack that could take down a website Analysis (IODA), an internet connectivity might have a harder time knocking out observatory affiliated with Georgia Tech. internet infrastructure. "It wouldn't be The Russian-occupied regions really practical to take the whole country of Donetsk and Luhansk also offline with a DDoS attack," Madory says. experienced drops in connectivity. "Those routers are pretty robust. And probably, if it was easy, they would have done it by now."

Since the beginning of the conflict, there have been concerns that Russiabacked hackers might attempt to disconnect Ukraine's internet, in the same way they took down the country's power grid in 2015. Since February 23, Russia's cyber army has been carrying out repeated distributed denial of service (DDoS) attacks against government websites, overwhelming them with spurious traffic in order to take them offline. (Ukraine's own cyber warriors have been retaliating in kind.) But despite what happened to Triolan, Russia's chances of carrying out a fullfledged internet shutdown against Ukraine are low.

It is not impossible in the abstract: After all, earlier this year an American hacker orchestrated a DDoS attack to <u>take down North Korea's servers</u>. But Ukraine has been battle-hardened by its past brushes with Russia's cyberattacks, and its preparedness and sophistication are much higher than North Korea's. More important, however, is the fact that any attacker would be presented with a vast number of targets rather than a single vulnerable bullseye. Ukraine's size and geographic position mean that it is deeply interconnected with Europe's internet backbone.

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A spokesperson for the Ukrainian Internet Association says the country boasted over 4,900 ISPs as of December 2021; some of them have been making preparations ahead of the crisis, establishing fail-safe links with each other and setting up new backup network centers, according to <u>The New York Times</u>.

Ukraine's internet has developed in a decentralized fashion due to market dynamics, but that has served it well in the past few years, says Tanya Lokot, a professor in digital media and society at Dublin City University. "There was a realization that it's a natural, healthy way to organize the network. When you have a variety of traffic exchange points, you have a variety of internet service providers across the country, a variety of mobile phone operators; it just leads to a more reliable system overall," Lokot says. She contrasts that model with Russia's own internet, which is dominated by a few state-controlled operators and which the government is working to separate from the global internet through a kill switch. "They [Russia] are trying to centralize control, and in terms of resilience of the system, that is damaging because it's much easier to target," Lokot says.

Ukraine's resilience, however, extends beyond the sheer number of providers. If cyberattacks do not work to take down an ISP, a Russian military determined to disconnect Ukraine might decide to just strike the connectivity infrastructure by bombing server rooms or cutting off fiber optics cables.

## SBE CHAPTER 38 OFFICERS

CHAIRMAN Antonio Castro SBE member # 11456. KFOX/COX retired Chief Eng. 800 Arredondo dr. El Paso. TX 79912 915-584-1220 home 915-525-8507 cell farahjac@sbcglobal.net

VICE CHAIRMAN

Bruno Cruz SBE member # 25867 200 E.Alto Mesa El Paso, TX.79912 915-757-7898 915-526-1842 cell Bruno.cruzJR@kfoxtv.com <u>TREASURER</u> Walter Hanthorn SBE member # 18307 KSCE TV 4461 Gen. Maloney El Paso, TX. 79924 915-269-7583 home 915-532-8588 office

CERTIFICATION COMMITTEE: David Halperin.

MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE: Antonio Castro Warren Reeves

FREQUENCY COORDITATION COMMITTEE: Warren Reeves Owen Smith

SCHOLARSHIP COMMITTEE: Rick Vilardell

WEB SITE COMMITTEE: Norbert Miles

SUSTAINING MEMBERSHIP: Antonio Castro

PROGRAM CHAIRMAN: Warren Reeves

> NEWSLETTER: Antonio Castro

EAS CHAIRMAN: David Halperin

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE: Antonio Castro Bruno Cruz Walter Hanthorn



DATE 2/15/2022

LOCATION: ZOOM (Antonio's)

*MEETING CALLED TO ORDER*: 11:00 AM, BY ANTONIO CASTRO. THERE WERE 16 (SIXTEEN) ATTENDANTS

**REPORT OF THE SECRETARY**: MINUTES IN THE FEBRUARY NEWS-LETTER. ACCEPTED BY DAVID GRICE, SECONDED BY MARIO JIMENEZ

**REPORT OF THE TREASURER**: \$ 5120.80 IN THE BANK , ACCEPTED BY DAVID GRICE, SECONDED BY WARREN REEVES.

**REPORT OF THE CERTIFICATION COMMITTEE: NO REPORT** 

**REPORT OF THE MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE:** WARREN REEVES VOLUNTARIED TO HELP IN TALKING TO SUSTAINING MEMBERS.

**REPORT OF THE FREQUENCY COORDINATOR COMMITTEE:** NO REPORT.

**REPORT OF THE SCHOLARSHIP COMMITTEE:** REMINDER TO INVITE APPLICANTS FOR THE \$1K SCHOLARSHIP. APPLICATION IS POSTED IN OUR WEBSITE TIL THE END OF MARCH.

*REPORT OF THE WEBSITE COMMITTEE:* NOW 3550 VS. 3471 EQUAL 79 HITS. LOOKING GOOD.

**REPORT OF THE EAS CHAIRMAN:** TEXAS AND NEW MEXICO-MONTHLY TESTS WERE FINE.

**REPORT OF THE PROGRAM COMMITTEE:** MEMBERS OF FUEL-GRAFF GAVE US THEIR PRESENTATION IN OBSTRUCTION LED LIGHTS..

*NEW BUSINESS OR ANY ITEMS FOR THE CHAPTER INTEREST:* NONE

**OTHER NONE** 

*NEXT MEETING DATE AND LOCATION*: MARCH 8, ZOOM FROM AN-TONIO AT 11 AM

*MEETING ADJOURNED* : 11:17 AM, THEN THE PRESENTATION TIL 11:48 AM

BY THIS TIME, ALL THE INVOICES WERE MAILED. YOU MAY PAY DIRECTLY TO SQUARE OR YOU CAN CALL ME WITH YOUR CREDIT CARD ON HAND, OR JUST DROP A CHECK IN THE MAIL....BUT DO IT ! IT IS ONLY THE COST OF A LUNCH !!!!





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BRAD DUBOW GENERAL MANAGER

95.5FM

FOR LAST MONTH OF FEBRUARY, WE HAD THE PRESENTATION OF *FUELLGRAF CHIMNEY AND TOWER*, THEY SPECIALIZE IN LED AVIATION OBSTRUCTION LIGHTING FOR BRADCAST TOWERS

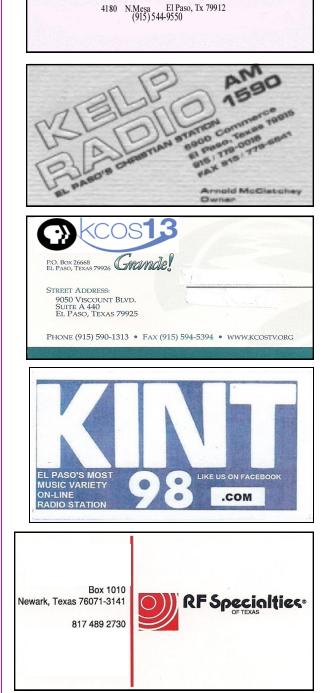
NOW, FOR THIS MARCH MONTH WE ARE NOT GOING TO HAVE ANY PRESENTATION. ONLY OUR REGULAR CHAPTER MEETING, FACE TO FACE.

WHEN: MARCH 8, 2022

WHERE: ZOOM FROM ANTONIO'S

TIME: WINDOW OPENS AT 10:30 AM FOR WELCOMING AND INFORMAL CHAT, 11 AM WE DO OUR CHAPTER MEETING.

PLEASE TRY TO ATTEND BECAUSE WE HAVE IMPORTANT ISSUES TO DISCUSS. THANK YOU



As a matter of fact, a possible—if unconfirmed—explanation for Thursday's outage is that <u>Russian bombs damaged Triolan's infrastructure in Kharkiv</u>. But it is unclear if a more methodical targeting of network equipment would result in a total internet blackout. In Ukraine's crowded ISP market, all providers have adapted to be fleet-footed and address even the smallest technical snag swiftly and effectively, according to Vadym Hudyma, a researcher at digital rights advocacy group Digital Security Lab Ukraine.

"Partially because of this fierce competition—sometimes accidentally, sometimes not really accidentally-providers can cut their competitors' network. They would just 'accidentally' cut the cables, for example, while trying to cut their own," he says. "So in order to survive in these chaotic scenarios, where sometimes a few meters of your cable can be cut out in the middle of the night, each provider has to be really, really flexible and be able to redirect network flows on the fly." That does not necessarily mean that the country's current internet infrastructure would be able to withstand a concerted Russian effort to destroy it. That consideration might have led the Ukrainian government to request—and obtain support from SpaceX CEO Elon Musk to activate his Starlink satellite internet service in the country. But one wonders whether Russia even wants to fully take down the internet in a country it has been pelting with disinformation. "The Ukrainian government has zero interest in shutting down the internet, obviously," says Hudyma. "But the same can be said for the Russians: They are trying to push their propaganda and influence operations on the Ukrainian populations. It is useful for them to have this communication network online."