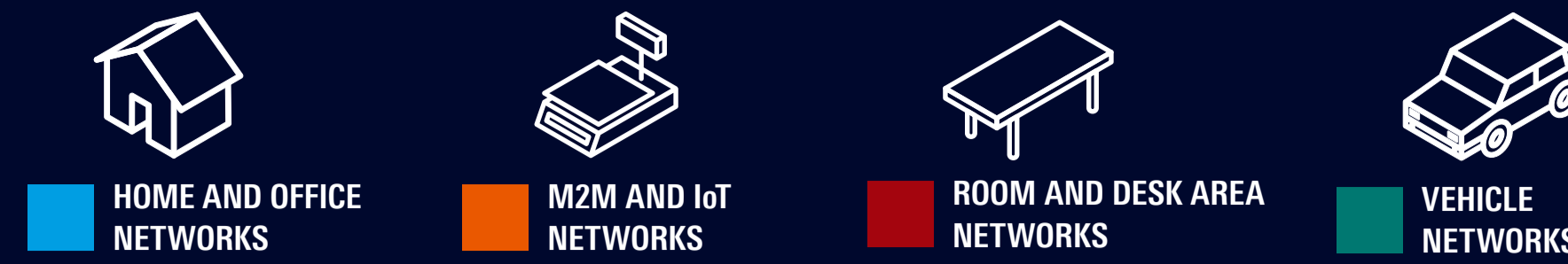


The HISTORY and FUTURE of Wi-Fi

Learn more about IEEE 802.11 testing: www.rohde-schwarz.com/wlan



WaveLAN, the starting point for Wi-Fi development, was used for wirelessly connecting cashing machines.

802.11b
Higher speed physical layer extension in the 2.4 GHz band

Spatial streams	Modulation type
1x1 SISO	CCK
Channel bandwidth	Bands
22 MHz	2.4 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/DSSS	

802.11a
High speed physical layer in the 5 GHz band

Spatial streams	Modulation type
1x1 SISO	64QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
20 MHz	5 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

Need for faster speed and better distance coverage.

The ability to connect to the internet via mobile devices and the rising number of smartphones on the market required the introduction of features like MIMO.

802.11g
Further higher data rate extension

Spatial streams	Modulation type
1x1 SISO	64QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
20 MHz	2.4 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

More and more people wanted Wi-Fi at home and at work. High speed Wi-Fi was therefore required in the 5 GHz spectrum to relieve the overcrowded 2.4 GHz spectrum.

Designed for in-room/desk network applications requiring very high data rates such as for HD video streaming.

802.11ad
Directional multi-gigabit (DMG) in the 60 GHz band

Spatial streams	Modulation type
1x1 SISO	64QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
2.16 MHz	60 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/SC	

Achieves up to 20 Gbit/s throughput and enables extended distances for enlarged application space.

802.11ay
Enhanced DMG (EDMG) in bands above 45 GHz

Spatial streams	Modulation type
8x8 MU-MIMO	64QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
8.64 MHz	> 45 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

Enables use of the sub GHz spectrum for IoT and remote internet applications.

The heavy use of Wi-Fi meant that a new approach was required. OFDMA allows multiple devices to communicate simultaneously.

802.11ac
Enhancements for very high throughput (VHT)

Spatial streams	Modulation type
8x8 DL-MU-MIMO	256QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
160 MHz	5 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

802.11n
Enhancements for higher throughput (HT)

Spatial streams	Modulation type
4x4 SU-MIMO	64QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
40 MHz	2.4/5 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

Provide Wi-Fi based car-to-car communications to enable emerging intelligent traffic services.

802.11p
Wireless access in vehicular environments

Spatial streams	Modulation type
1x1 SISO	64QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
10 MHz	5.9 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

Meet today's and tomorrow's rising demands on V2X communications on the way to fully autonomous vehicles.

802.11bd
Enhancements for next generation vehicular (NGV)

Spatial streams	Modulation type
2x2 SU-MIMO	256QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
10, 20 MHz	5.9/60 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM	

802.11ax
Enhancement for high efficiency (HE) Wi-Fi

Spatial streams	Modulation type
8x8 MU-MIMO	1024QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
160 MHz	2.4/5/6 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM/OFDMA	

The advent of home office and schooling as well as industrial applications require improved data throughput, reduced latency and efficiency.

802.11be
Enhancements for extreme high throughput (EHT)

Spatial streams	Modulation type
16x16 MU-MIMO	4096QAM
Channel bandwidth	Bands
320 MHz	2.4/5/6 GHz
Transmission/access method	
CSMA/OFDM/OFDMA	

Multi-antenna transceiver methods

The evolution from SISO to single-user and multi-user MIMO was essential to meet data throughput demands.

Single input single output (SISO)
Use of a single antenna on access points and devices for sequential communications of the access point with connected devices, applying a carrier sense multiple access (CSMA) scheme to control spectrum access.

Single-user multiple input multiple output (SU-MIMO)
Use of multiple antennas to improve data throughput, applying a carrier sense multiple access (CSMA) scheme to control spectrum access.

Multi-user MIMO
Based on OFDMA, MU-MIMO allows simultaneous communications of stations in parallel. Beamforming enables multiple users to apply individual MIMO schemes at the same time to ensure efficient communications.

Test and measurement solutions from Rohde & Schwarz

<p>R&S®CMW270 wireless connectivity tester</p> <p>The non-cellular expert designed for testing Wi-Fi access points (AP) and stations (STA) in signaling and non-signaling mode.</p>	<p>R&S®CMW100 communications manufacturing test set</p> <p>Ultra-compact, non-signaling tester optimized for production line testing including 4G, 5G and Wi-Fi 6 wireless technologies.</p>	<p>R&S®SMW200A vector signal generator</p> <p>The fine art of signal generation – supports Wi-Fi modulation at full bandwidth and enables MIMO testing with real-time fading.</p>	<p>R&S®SMBV100B vector signal generator</p> <p>The new benchmark in its class with up to 500 MHz modulation bandwidth and perfect accuracy even at high output power levels.</p>	<p>R&S®FSW signal and spectrum analyzer</p> <p>Setting standards in innovation and usability for testing Wi-Fi devices with 800 MHz real-time analysis bandwidth.</p>	<p>R&S®FSVA3000 signal and spectrum analyzer</p> <p>The right choice for Wi-Fi 6E spectrum and signal analysis in R&D. Supports 400 MHz analysis bandwidth.</p>	<p>R&S®TS8997 regulatory test system for wireless devices</p> <p>Testing of wireless devices operating in the ISM bands in line with ETSI and FCC standards.</p>	<p>R&S®DST200 RF diagnostic chamber</p> <p>Ideal environment for RF analysis during development. Supports a wide range of radiated test applications for Wi-Fi devices.</p>
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